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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/510,644	10/08/2004	Akihiko Mizutani	MIZUTANI3	4955
	7590 09/04/200 D NEIMARK, P.L.L.C	EXAMINER		
624 NINTH STREET, NW			AHMED, HASAN SYED	
SUITE 300 WASHINGTON, DC 20001-5303			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1618	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/04/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/510,644	MIZUTANI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	HASAN S. AHMED	1618
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tind d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 I</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1 and 3-19 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) 10-13 is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1, 3-9, and 14-19 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct to by the E	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

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DETAILED ACTION

 Receipt is acknowledged of applicants' amendment and remarks, which were filed on 7 May 2008.

 Applicants' arguments, filed on 7 May 2008 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new grounds of rejection is made.

* * * * *

Election/Restrictions

Applicants argue that claim 13 should be rejoined since, "...it is directed to the elected subject matter, and moreover is a linking claim." (See remarks, page 3).

Examiner respectfully submits that claim 13 includes a limitation which is dependent upon a withdrawn claim from a non-elected group, i.e., claim 11, which is directed to a method for manufacturing a soft capsule formulation. Furthermore, examiner respectfully disagrees with the notion that claim 13 is a linking claim, since no claim depends from claim 13. As such, examiner respectfully submits that claim 13 is properly withdrawn.

* * * * *

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 1, 3-9, and 14-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,893,658 ("lida") in view of U.S. Patent No. 3,784,684 ("Bossert").

lida discloses a light stable soft capsule formulation (see col. 3, lines 7-18) comprising:

- the shell containing a non-water soluble light-shielding agent of instant claim
 1 and 19(see col. 2, lines 1-7);
- the non-water-soluble light-shielding agent of instant claim 1 and 19 (see col.
 3, lines 21-23);
- the 200 µm thickness of instant claim 1 (see claim 1);
- the medicament encapsulated by the shell of instant claim 1 (see col. 2, line
 49);
- the titanium oxide of instant claim 3 (see col. 3, lines 7-18);
- the seamless shell of instant claim 5 (see col. 5, lines 18-40);
- the light-unstable medicament of instant claim 6 (see col. 2, line 49);
- the medicament suspended in a liquid base of instant claim 7 (see col. 5, line
 10);
- the vitamin D derivative of instant claim 8 (see col. 2, line 49);
- the gelatin of instant claim 9 (see col. 4, line 16)'
- the unit dose of instant claim 14 (see col. 1, lines 5-6);
- the capsule of instant claim 15 (see col. 1, lines 5-6); and

• the non-water-soluble light-shielding agent of instant claim 18 (see col. 3, lines 21-23).

lida differs from the instant application in that it does not disclose the concentration of non-water-soluble light-shielding agent recited in claims 1, 18, and 19. However, a concentration of non-water-soluble light-shielding agent overlapping with the range being claimed, i.e. 5%, is disclosed in Bossert (see col. 3, lines 67-68).

lida explain that the disclosed formulation is beneficial because it provides "excellent stability to light and heat and good discrimination." See col. 2, lines 39-40.

While lida does not explicitly teach the percentages of instant claims 16 and 17, or the capsule size of instant claim 4, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to determine suitable percentages and size through routine or manipulative experimentation to obtain the best possible results, as these are variable parameters attainable within the art.

Moreover, generally, differences in concentration and size will not support the patentability of subject matter encompassed by the prior art unless there is evidence indicating such concentration is critical. "[W]here the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation." *In re Aller*, 220 F.2d 454, 456; 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955). Applicants have not demonstrated any unexpected or unusual results, which accrue from the instant percentage range or size. The prior art discloses a titanium dioxide of up to 5%, as explained above (see Bossert; col. 3, lines 67-68).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to disclose a light stabilized soft capsule formulation comprising a shaell containing titanium oxide, and a vitamin D derivative encapsulated in the shell, as taught by lida et al. One of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to make such a composition because it results in excellent stability to light and heat and good discrimination, as explained by lida, et al.

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Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HASAN S. AHMED whose telephone number is (571)272-4792. The examiner can normally be reached on 9am - 5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael G. Hartley can be reached on (571)272-0616. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/H. S. A./ Examiner, Art Unit 1618

> /Humera N. Sheikh/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1618